

Recorder name		Date	
Survey location		Postcode	
Grid reference		Grassland type	

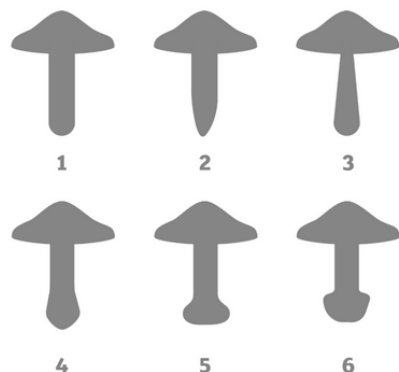
Colour	Stem shape	Cap shape	Cap margin	Gill attachment	Gill spacing	Other features	Species	Photo taken
								Y N ☐ ☐
								Y N ☐ ☐
								Y N ☐ ☐
								Y N ☐ ☐
								Y N ☐ ☐
								Y N ☐ ☐
								Y N ☐ ☐
								Y N ☐ ☐

Use this sheet to record any grassland fungi that you find. If you can't identify them while you are out, take photos and record the features so that you can look at more ID resources back at home.

Stem

The shape of the stem can appear...

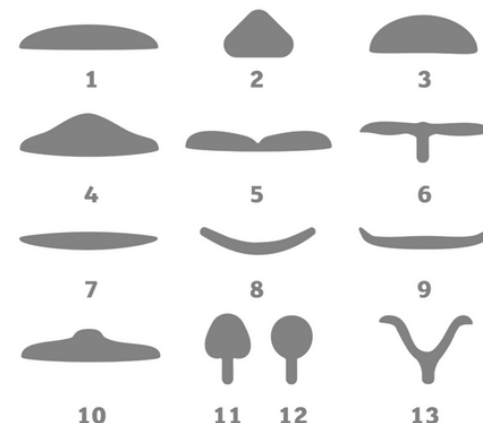
1. Equal
2. Tapered downwards
3. Tapered upwards
4. Club-shaped
5. Abruptly bulbous
6. Marginate bulbous



Cap

In fungi, the shape of a cap can appear...

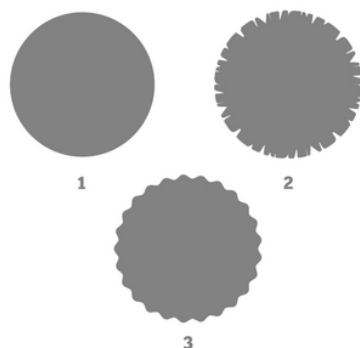
- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Convex | 8. Depressed |
| 2. Conical | 9. Uplifted |
| 3. Hemispherical | 10. Umbonate |
| 4. Bell-shaped | 11. Ovoid |
| 5. Umbilicate | 12. Spherical |
| 6. Papillate | 13. Funnel shaped |
| 7. Flat | |



Margin

The margin or edge of the cap can appear...

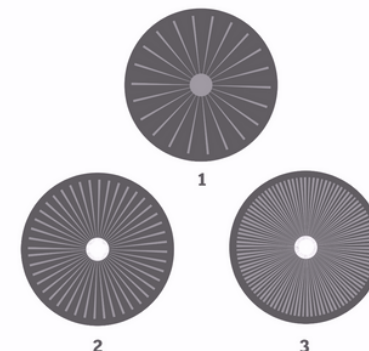
1. Entire
2. Split
3. Irregular or Scalloped



Gill spacing

The spacing of the gills themselves can appear...

1. Distant
2. Close
3. Crowded



Gill attachment

The way in which the gill is attached to the stem can appear...

1. Adnate - widely attached to the stem
2. Adnexed - narrowly attached to the stem
3. Emarginate or Sinuate - notched, or smoothly notched before attachment to the stem
4. Free - unattached to the stem
5. Decurrent - the gills run down the stem

